

## Welcome to Rabbit Class

# Year 2 2024 - 2025

# Year 2 Staff

## **Class Teacher - Miss Board**



## Classroom Teaching Assistant: Miss Agutter



## **PPA cover Teacher: Mrs Bartlett**

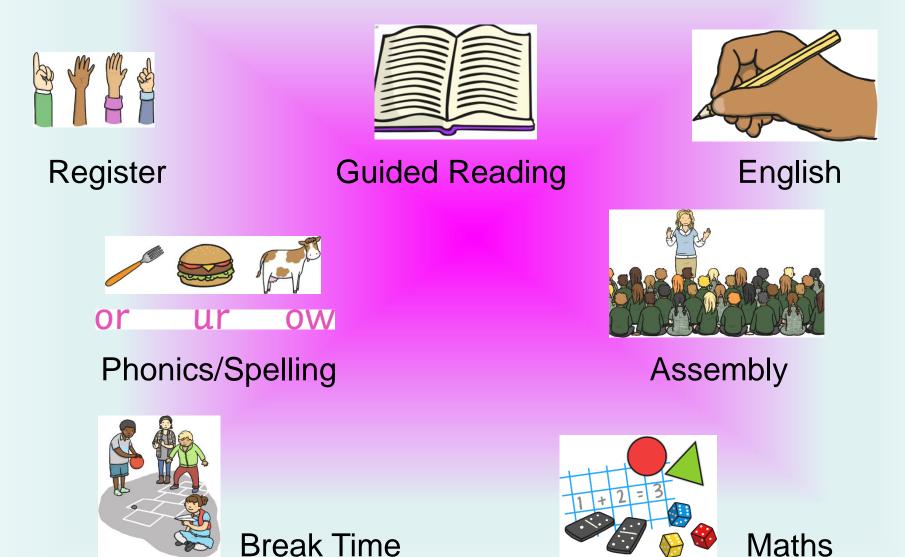


## 60 Second Curriculum Map



### **A Typical Day in Rabbit Class**

### Morning.....







## History or Geography



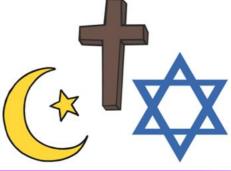
**Science** 



P.E.



Art



R.E.



End the day with a story/class book.



## **Dojo Points**



## Rabbit Class 2024 - 2025



## P.E.

• Thursday afternoon (one session).

 Swimming on a Tuesday morning in the Autumn Term.

 During Spring and Summer term second P.E. session during the week (day will be confirmed before start of Spring term).



• Little Wandle Scheme.



25 minutes everyday with the whole class.

• Currently revising Phase 5.

## Phase 5

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# Little Wandle Spelling

- *Little Wandle* Spelling Programme.
- 25 minutes everyday with the whole class.
- Will begin in Autumn 2.

# **Spelling**

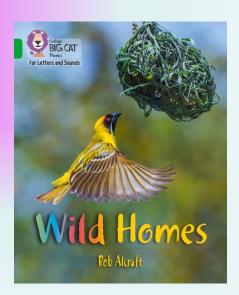
#### Spelling

Sufficient evidence shows the ability to...

- Write from memory, simple dictated sentences which include familiar words and GPCs.
- Spell common decodable two and three syllable words which include familiar graphemes.
- Accurately spell words with suffixes-ment, -ness, ful, -less, -ly, including those requiring a change to the root word.
- Spell most common exception words from Y2 spelling appendix e.g. because, every, children, father, would, old.
- Spell most common homophones in YR 2 spelling appendix e.g. to, too, two; hear, here; see, sea; blue, blew.
- Spell many common contractions accurately e.g. it's, can't, didn't; or to mark singular possession e.g. Mark's football.

## <u>Reading:</u>

- Daily Guided Reading.
- Phonetically decodable book now. Children will move onto colour banded books.
- New Reading Records.
- Reading books can be changed daily
- Where possible children should read every day at home!





Weekly <u>Maths</u> homework.

 Project linked to History/Geography Topic (Half termly/termly).

• Where possible children should read every day at home!

<u>History/Geography</u> Home Learning Projects

Autumn 1 – Movers and Shakers Autumn 2 – Explore the World

Spring Term – Coastline

Summer Term – Magnificent Monarchs

## <u>History/Geography</u> Home Learning Projects





These activities are for you to do at home with an adult. You can do all of them or choose the ones that you find most interesting.

## End of Key Stage 1 Assessments

## Teacher assessment

Children will be...

Working towards the Expected Standard Working at the Expected Standard Working above the Expected Standard (Greater Depth)

## End of Key Stage 1 Assessments

## **All Non-Statutory**

- Maths 2 papers.
- English Reading (2 papers).
- English SPaG (2 papers).

May/June 2025

# Independence is key!

#### Working towards the expected standard

The pupil can, after discussion with the teacher:

- write sentences that are sequenced to form a short narrative (real or fictional)
- demarcate some sentences with capital letters and full stops
- segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling some words correctly and making phonically-plausible attempts at others
- spell some common exception words\*
- form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
- form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another in some of their writing
- use spacing between words.

## Independence is key!

### Working at the expected standard

The pupil can, after discussion with the teacher:

- write simple, coherent narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real or fictional)
- · write about real events, recording these simply and clearly
- demarcate most sentences in their writing with capital letters and full stops, and use question marks correctly when required
- use present and past tense mostly correctly and consistently
- use co-ordination (e.g. or / and / but) and some subordination (e.g. when / if / that / because) to join clauses
- segment spoken words into phonemes and represent these by graphemes, spelling many of these words correctly and making phonically-plausible attempts at others
- spell many common exception words\*
- form capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters
- use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.

## Independence is key!

### Working at greater depth

The pupil can, after discussion with the teacher:

- write effectively and coherently for different purposes, drawing on their reading to inform the vocabulary and grammar of their writing
- make simple additions, revisions and proof-reading corrections to their own writing
- use the punctuation taught at key stage 1 mostly correctly^
- spell most common exception words\*
- add suffixes to spell most words correctly in their writing (e.g. –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly)\*
- use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join some letters.

### Working towards the Expected standard

## Writing example:

2. Lie down you get a treet and put it in yor hard and Clows yor hand Plays it down and Say liy down and then give the tree to mum then. 3. If you wont to make yor dragon to stag you poot yor hand in frun of you and say. Stay. I Put My one finger up and tund it rawd and rawd and the dragon tund a raid and he did it.

## Working at the Expected Standard

Writing Example:

Dear Eelliott We know what you machine is it's a typhariter How to use it: 1. First put the paper in the typ writer. 2. Karn the diel to seed the paper into the typuriter 3. NeXe push the Keys down stimily x 4. Now push the suver lever down On theside of the typhnitor 5. If you hear a ding that means your at the erend at of the line ding! ding! away 6. You can't take any thing 08° CF you male a mistake. bacspace I hope you lean how to use your typuriter love from XXX Now you can typ letters to me.

### Working above the Expected Standard

Writing Example:

Dear Ellie's family, I an writing to you because I want to apologise to you for what I have done to poor old themper. I am going to change my give behaviour to a normal pet behaviour. First of all I sorry bringing Thumper into the carpet with mud, grass stains and other disguisting things. A loo, I am sorry that the stains can not come of the carpet, and the housekeeper would be very dissapointed and upset because of it.

Second of all from this day forward I will be a good idizen, and be breated much better, because I an more respectful. I also try not to soroth scrotch any more jurniture like your favourite chair and the couch.

Please accept my apology because I fel so ashamed of myself and so sad. I get very guilty as well because I bring dead animals into the house without any reason. Please forgive me!!

Love from Tugey

# <u>Maths</u>

#### Working towards the expected standard

The pupil can:

- read and write numbers in numerals up to 100
- partition a two-digit number into tens and ones to demonstrate an understanding of place value, though they may use structured resources<sup>1</sup> to support them
- add and subtract two-digit numbers and ones, and two-digit numbers and tens, where no regrouping is required, explaining their method verbally, in pictures or using apparatus (e.g. 23 + 5; 46 + 20; 16 5; 88 30)
- recall at least four of the six<sup>2</sup> number bonds for 10 and reason about associated facts (e.g. 6 + 4 = 10, therefore 4 + 6 = 10 and 10 - 6 = 4)
- count in twos, fives and tens from 0 and use this to solve problems
- know the value of different coins
- name some common 2-D and 3-D shapes from a group of shapes or from pictures of the shapes and describe some of their properties (e.g. triangles, rectangles, squares, circles, cuboids, cubes, pyramids and spheres).

## **Maths**

### Working at the expected standard

The pupil can:

- read scales\* in divisions of ones, twos, fives and tens
- partition any two-digit number into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus
- add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers using an efficient strategy, explaining their method verbally, in pictures or using apparatus (e.g. 48 + 35; 72 – 17)
- recall all number bonds to and within 10 and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships (e.g. If 7 + 3 = 10 then 17 + 3 = 20; if 7 3 = 4 then 17 3 = 14; leading to if 14 + 3 = 17, then 3 + 14 = 17, 17 14 = 3 and 17 3 = 14)
- recall multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrating an understanding of commutativity as necessary
- identify <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, <sup>2</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, of a number or shape, and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole
- use different coins to make the same amount
- read the time on a clock to the nearest 15 minutes
- name and describe properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including number of sides, vertices, edges, faces and lines of symmetry.

## <u>Maths</u>

### Working at greater depth

The pupil can:

- read scales\* where not all numbers on the scale are given and estimate points in between
- recall and use multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and make deductions outside known multiplication facts
- use reasoning about numbers and relationships to solve more complex problems and explain their thinking (e.g. 29 + 17 = 15 + 4 + □; 'together Jack and Sam have £14. Jack has £2 more than Sam. How much money does Sam have?' etc)
- solve unfamiliar word problems that involve more than one step (e.g. 'which has the most biscuits, 4 packets of biscuits with 5 in each packet or 3 packets of biscuits with 10 in each packet?')
- read the time on a clock to the nearest 5 minutes
- describe similarities and differences of 2-D and 3-D shapes, using their properties (e.g. that two different 2-D shapes both have only one line of symmetry; that a cube and a cuboid have the same number of edges, faces and vertices, but different dimensions).

## Whole school information

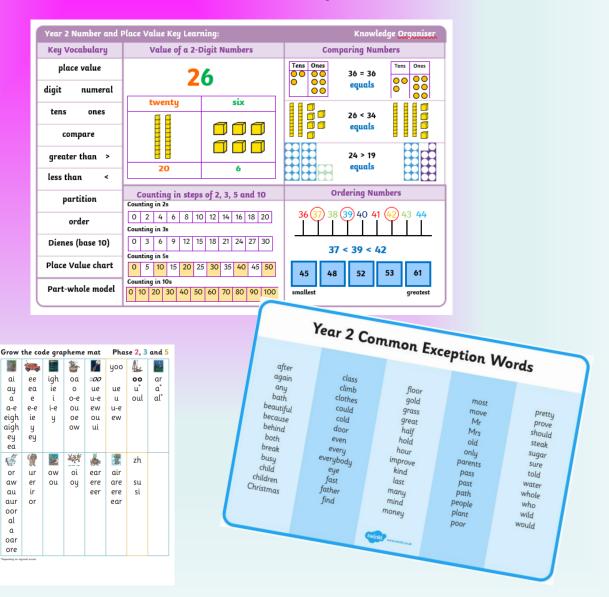
 Please make sure EVERY item of clothing is named.

• Named water bottles please.

 Reading books can be changed daily – please remind your child if they need to change their book.

## Handouts: Please help yourself!





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# Any questions?